#### MODELLING OF THE SPACEWIRE COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

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#### INTRODUCTION

Modelling takes more important role in the development process as a solution to perform detailed check of the specification and project verification to a stage of physical realization.

**SpaceWire** is a perspective and fast-developing communication standard supported and implemented by:

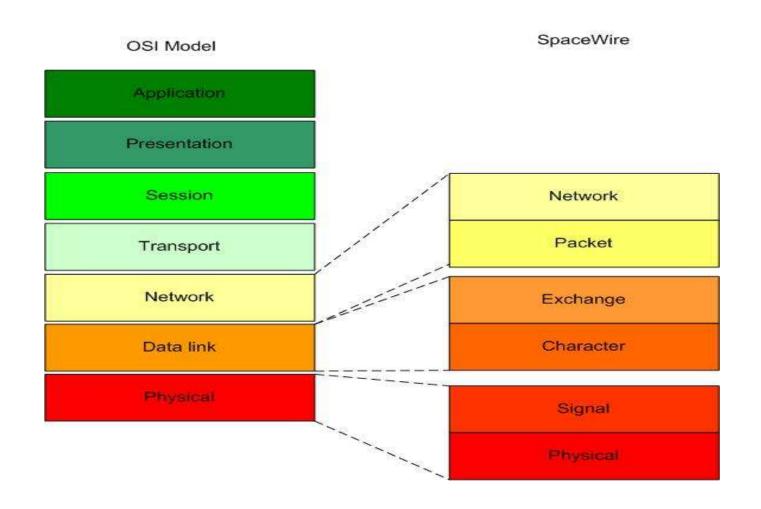
- European Space Agency
- NASA (USA)
- JAXA (Japan)

There are a number of transport layer protocols which are applied for use in tandem with SpaceWire.

We implemented a layered model of a SpaceWire, RMAP and STP protocols for testing of the specifications and standards. We show you an overview of our activity and share the results.

#### **SPACEWIRE**

**SpaceWire** is a communication network based on an IEEE 1355 communication standard, that provides high-speed links and networks for use onboard spacecraft.



## **STP REVIEW**

#### STP = Streaming Transport Protocol

#### Key features:

- multiple data transfer
- initialize connection (connection oriented protocol)
- data flow control
- data validation (correctness and right order of arriving packets)

#### **RMAP OVERVIEW**

#### RMAP = Remote Memory Access Protocol

#### Features:

- to support a wide range of SpaceWire applications;
- to configure a SpaceWire network;
- to control SpaceWire units;
- to gather data and status information from those units;

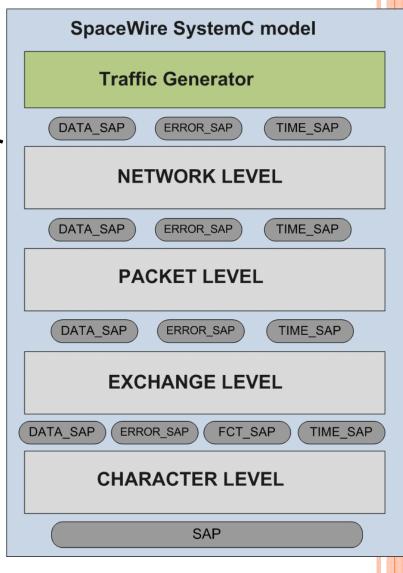
may operate alongside other communications protocols running over SpaceWire;

- works with units without an embedded processor;
- works with units with an embedded processor.

### **SPACEWIRE MODEL**

#### Features :

- the modelling per layer method is used;
- the functionality of each layer is distributed between internal blocks;
- implemented in respect to specification and includes all required functionality;
- developed Serves Access Points (SAPs)
- the Traffic Generator



## (1/3)

Point-to-point connection of two models imply

Link start, link connection establishment

- <sup>•</sup>Data flow initialization
- And interaction of both devices

Device#1
Traffic Generator
DATA_SAP (ERROR_SAP) (TIME_SAP)
NETWORK LEVEL
DATA_SAP (ERROR_SAP) (TIME_SAP)
PACKET LEVEL
DATA_SAP (ERROR_SAP) (TIME_SAP)
EXCHANGE LEVEL
DATA_SAP ERROR_SAP FCT_SAP TIME_SAP
CHARACTER LEVEL
SAP

## (2/3)

#### Main benefits of this method:

The model could test all the internal mechanisms

There are possibility to trace the whole data exchange process in both directions

The traffic analysis is done by the model itself according to specification

• There is a possibility to test not only the protocol itself, but to see how the other protocols could operate with it, work on top or in the bottom of the protocol

#### **(3/3)** Testing:

- Traffic generator
- Data corruption
- Very close to the real devices communication
- Creating various situations
- Model upgrading

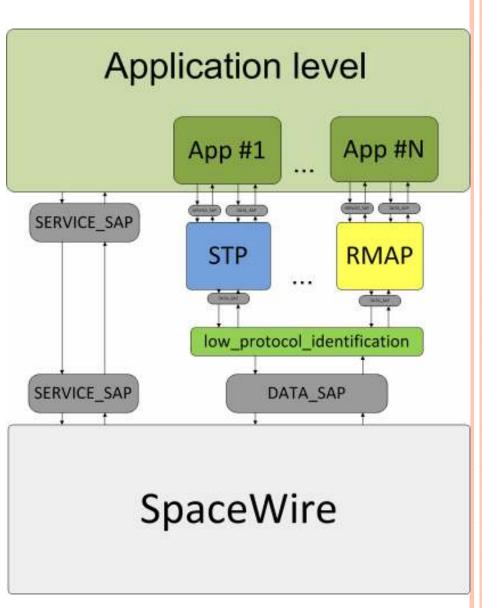
<u>Result:</u>

Model is inlined with the specification

- All bugs and inconsistencies are fixed
- Model could be used for the other researches,
- e.g. transport protocols testing

#### **STP AND RMAP OVER SPACEWIRE**

Preliminary modeling of the protocol protects a developer from the specification defects and consequently from the errors which could occur during the ready devices execution



#### CONCLUSION

#### Modeling results:

found a number of specification errors and wrongly described places in the specification

Prepared a set of additions and clarifications to the specification

assists development of STP protocol

# **THANK YOU**